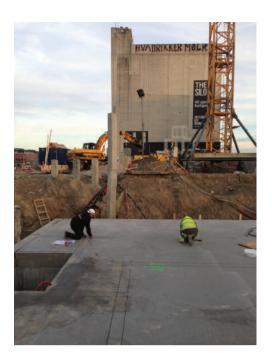
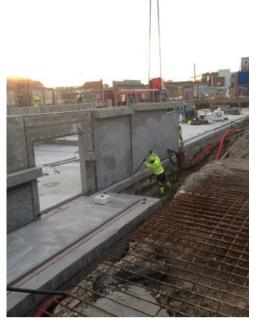
Use of Steel Sheet Piles in A construction site of Copenhagen





Project information

Fortkaj, 2100 København Ø, Denmark. Large-scale construction site in North Harbour of Copenhagen.

Crown Race house led by CASA: 86 flats (50 to 100 m²) + communal roof terraces + artificial island + underground parking

Construction started 6 months ago (digging, foundations and basement are done) till august 2015

Material study

A sheet pile is a hot-rolled structural shape. Series of individual, separate sheet piles can be connected by side interlocking to form a continious wall.

Typically used in waterfront structures constructions, this system is spread in dock constructions in Copenhagen.

Here, because of the level of this particular site and its proximity to the water; series of interlocked steel sheet piles are used to form a retaining wall: the individual modules are water tight and the interlocks are strong enough to avoid leakage through. There is a water pumping station in site but in the case of the making of sheet piles retaining wall a complete dewatering of the site is not essential.

As they are embedded in the ground to avoid lateral movement, the steel sheet piles are designed to resist the penetration into the soil strata below the depth of the excavation. According to the chosen depth of introduction into the soil, a particular grade of sheet piles (specific thickness, width, length and shape) is appropriate to avoid overturning.

They are to resist bending moment and distribute lateral loads applied on the strucutre through each module (convex/concave profiles) and through the strong interlocks.









The steel sheet piles are pre-fabricated and transportable. Along with being water/earth tight, they constitue a fast, economical, durable and recyclable material solution.

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